

# Charging up Rural lowa

EV and Charging Infrastructure Planning in Rural Northeast Iowa

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# **Topics**

- Why EV planning matters to rural communities
- NE lowa's regional EV collaboration
- Rural charging infrastructure planning
- Rural EV strategies

# Why EVs Matter to Rural Communities



# **Communitywide economic impacts**

#### **Respond to Shifting Travel Needs**

As more travelers use EVs it's crucial to have sufficient charging to meet demand, or they will likely avoid your area.

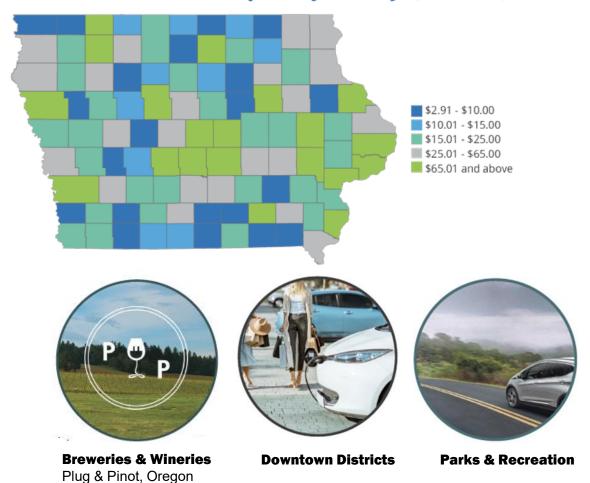
#### **Encourage Economic Activity**

Retailers see increased revenue when they provide access to EV chargers. EV drivers have increased dwell times when charging, and 70% patronize local businesses when using Level 2s.

#### **EVs and Tourism**

100% of tourism stakeholders that responded to a NEI RC&D survey agreed that EV charging is crucial to tourism growth. Regions have benefitted from marketing themselves as EV Friendly Destinations.

#### **Tourism Economic Impact by County (Millions)**



(Source: Northeast Iowa RC&D, "Electric Vehicle Tourism Study," 2022)

## Reduce transportation burden for residents

#### **EV Maintenance Costs**



EVs don't have a conventional engine, they have fewer fluids, and their battery, motor, and electronics require less maintenance.

#### **EV Fuel Costs**



EVs use fuel more efficiently and fueling with electricity costs less (especially with renewable energy).

#### **EV Cost of Ownership**



Accounting for fuel, maintenance/repair, insurance, fees, taxes, and finance charges, the avg. cost of ownership for an EV is \$2,410 less/yr. than an ICE.

Table 8: Estimated Annual Cost of EV Ownership

Type of Cost	2022 Nissan Leaf	2022 Tesla Model 3	Average
Fuel	\$651	\$556	\$603
Maintenance/repair	\$855	\$981	\$918
Insurance	\$1,081	\$1,454	\$1,267
Fees and taxes	\$(88)	\$494	\$203
Finance charge	\$918	\$1,879	\$1,399
Total	\$3,417	\$5,364	\$4,391

Sources: AAA, Edmunds

Assumptions: 15K miles per year, electricity price of 0.147 per kWh, and a 55/45% city to highway driving ratio

Table 9: Estimated Annual Cost of ICEV Ownership

Tuble 5. Estimated Annual Cost of TeEV Ownership			
Type of Cost	2019 Ford F-150	2019 Toyota Camry	Average
Fuel	\$2,501	\$1,665	\$2,083
Maintenance/repair	\$2,210	\$2,194	\$2,202
Insurance	\$1,005	\$1,109	\$1,007
Fees and taxes	\$701	\$497	\$599
Finance charge	\$1,057	\$763	\$910
Total	\$7,474	\$6,129	\$6,801
Courses AAA Edwards		•	

Internal Combustion Engine (ICE)

EV

Sources: AAA, Edmunds

Assumptions: 15K miles per year, gas price of \$3.29 per gallon, and a 55/45% city to highway driving ratio

(Source: Steve Holland, Luther College Professor of Economics, "Economic Impacts of an Electric Vehicle Charging Network," 2023)

## **Health & environmental benefits**

#### **Clean Transportation**

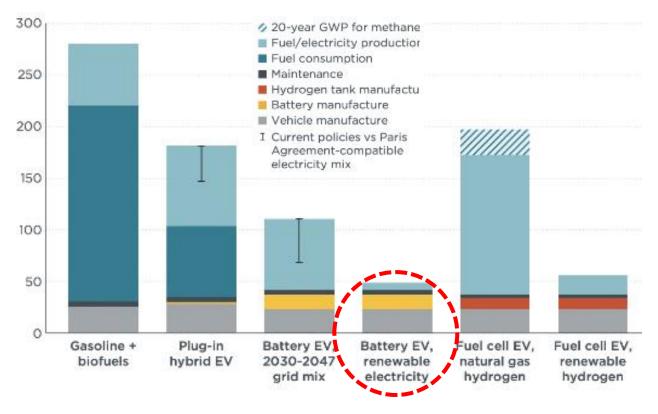
Transportation is the largest source of air pollution. EVs have emission-less propulsion, and with renewable electricity, they can reduce emission impacts during fuel production as well.

#### **Cleaner Air = Healthier People**

EVs don't emit tailpipe pollutants known to reduce air quality and impact our lives. Switching to 100% EVs and a clean electricity grid could save lowa \$9.3 billion in public health costs.

(Source: American Lung Association)

### Global comparison of life-cycle greenhouse gas emissions of combustion engine and electric passenger cars



(Source: International Council on Clean Transportation, 2024)

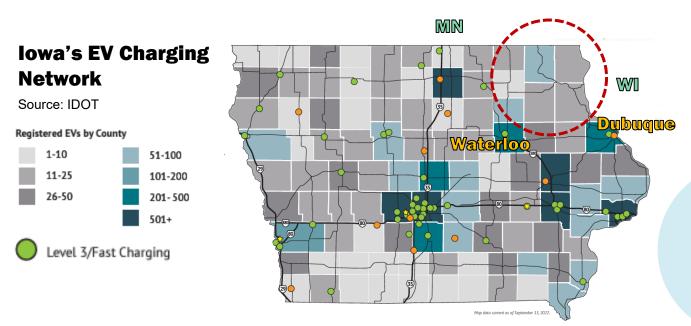
# NE lowa's Regional EV Collaboration



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**5-County Rural Region** 

Allamakee, Clayton, Fayette, Howard & Winneshiek Co.



Total Pop.
80,729

Largest City
(Decorah)
7,587
50 cities

Driftless Region
Waterways, hills
Major Industries
Ed., Healthcare,
Manufacturing,
Retail

No interstates
U.S. Highways:
52, 63, 18
State Highways:
Multiple (black)

WI

# Driving Electric in Rural NE Iowa: An Analysis, Planning, Workforce & Major Employer Partnership

#### **Funders**

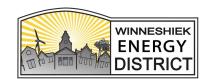
- IEDA Iowa Energy Office
- NEIFN Community Foundation
- Dairyland Power Co-op
- Transportation Planning: FHA SPR, FHA STBG, FTA 5311



#### **Partners**

- Upper Explorerland Regional Planning Commission (UERPC)
- Winneshiek Energy District
- Luther College
- Northeast Iowa Community College
- Northeast Iowa Resource Conservation & Development









## **Project Goals**



Study

Identify needs & opportunities for EV buildout through charging infrastructure, tourism & economic impact studies.



Planning & Engagement

Engage stakeholders through
EV outreach & events, and
charging corridor planning &
development



Tech Assistance, Projects

Jump-start workforce & public charging through technical assistance to employers & communities



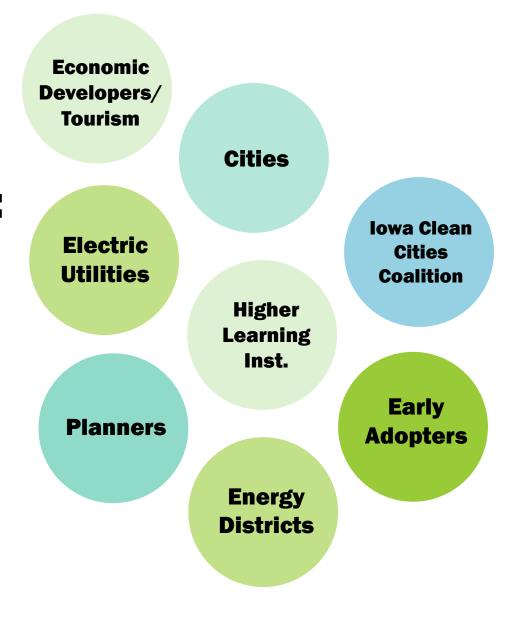
**Training** 

Develop community college training for EVs & charging infrastructure



# Stakeholder Engagement: Regional EV Workgroup

- Review info. on EV and charging
- Guest speakers and knowledge experts
- Economic and tourism impacts
- EV resources and funding opportunities
- County and city-level EV engagement
- Regional EV event
- Regional EV strategies
- Regional charging plan





# **Stakeholder Engagement:**

### "Get Charged Up" Regional EV Event

- Panel discussions:
  - Community Perspectives
  - EV Fleets
  - Charging Infrastructure
  - Funding and Assistance
- Networking
- Vendors
- EV Exhibit and "Ride-and-Drive"

# Get Charged Up! EV Event









County Economic Development + Energy Districts

# **Stakeholder Engagement:**

### **Local EV Events**

- **Educate about EVs and charging infrastructure**
- **Stories about early adopters**
- Information on Regional EV Workgroup and charging infrastructure planning



Clayton Co. Earth Day EV Event



**Cresco Charger Ribbon Cutting** 



Winneshiek Co. Earth Day Festival



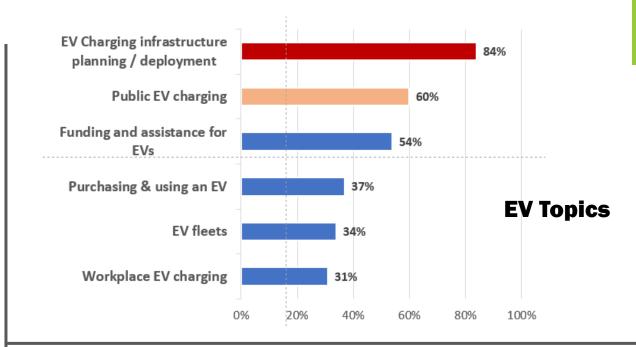
**Decorah Farmer's Market** 

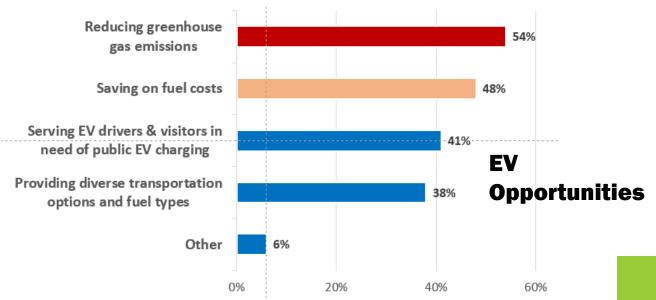


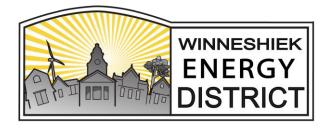
# Stakeholder Engagement:

## **Community Survey**

- Taken by Regional EV Event Registrants
- Which EV topics are people interested in?
- Do they drive an EV?
- What is greatest opportunity with EVs?
- What are biggest EV issues or questions?







## **Tech Assistance:**

# Workforce & Community Charger Implementation

- Assistance to employers & communities for charger implementation: power costs & impacts, install options, code compliance, inspection, permitting etc.
- Engage employers and employees in beneficial opportunities for EV commuting
- Funding options for chargers

6 Cities engaged in charger TA

18 Employers engaged in charger TA

12 Entities
put Level 2
chargers in

#### **Level 2 Charger Funding:**

Community Foundations
VW Settlement
Employer and city match



# **EV** Training:

- Train auto faculty on EVs
- Expand for-credit EV curriculum
- Assess need for and/or develop non-credit EV servicing, safety and supply equipment training





Image Sources: Toronto Star (above); National Alternative Fuels Training Consortium

Findings = High interest in EV safety training

**Findings = Expand for-credit EV auto training** 

Findings = Demand for non-credit/communitybased EV auto training slower in rural areas

Findings = Engagement/ed. of auto services & dealers needed



## **Studies:**

## **NE Iowa EV Tourism Study**

- Research EV tourism in the U.S. and Iowa
- Provide examples of EV tourism implementation
- Review EV tourism opportunities / barriers
- Make recommendations on EV Education, Marketing
   & Charging Infrastructure related to tourism goals

Lack of chargers = deter EV travelers

Chargers
available =
+economic
impacts

Capitalize on EV travel: "EV-friendly destinations"

**Priority = Chargers near downtowns.** 

**Priority = Chargers where people lodge.** 

**Priority = Chargers at park & rec sites.** 

**Priority = Chargers at private businesses.** 

# LUTHER COLLEGE

## **Studies:**

# **Charging Network Economic Impact Analysis**

- Identify economic impact of EV charging network in the Northeast Iowa region.
  - (1) charging station construction,
  - (2) maintenance,
  - (3) EV adoption by area residents,
  - (4) EV adoption by visitors to the region.

Charging infrastructure impact

#### Construction

What is this? The one-time impact from the installation of 332 level 2, 31 level 3, and 7,620 home chargers

#### The impact:

- A \$11.6 million one-time increase in regional economic output
- Supports approximately 69 jobs during the period of construction

#### Maintenance

What is this? The ongoing, annual impact from charger maintenance and network fees

#### The impact:

- A \$1.1 million per year increase in regional economic output
- Supports approximately 8.6 jobs annually

#### **Resident Adoption**

What is this? The ongoing, annual impact from 7,620 ICEVs being replaced by EVs including differences in the cost of fuel, repair, insurance, fees, and finance charges

#### The impact:

- A \$732K per year reduction in economic output, mainly in the gas station and auto repair sectors
- Costing approximately 82.7 jobs annually
- But the economic impact becomes positive as regional renewable energy production increases

#### Visitor Adoption

What is this? The ongoing, annual impact from one-third of the region's tourists switching to EVs

#### The impact:

- A \$1.3 million per year reduction in economic output, mainly due to reduced sales at gas stations
- Costing approximately 12.7 jobs annually
- But the economic impact becomes positive if a charging network helps retain at least 4,000 tourists

# Resident and visitor EV adoption impacts



### **Studies:**

## **NE Iowa EV and Charging Infrastructure Plan**

- Outcomes of regional project
- Info. on EVs and charging infrastructure
- Charging demand for region
- Charging plan
- Regional EV goals & strategies
- EV Resources



# Rural Charging Infrastructure Planning



# Picturing Rural EV Buildout

**Est. EV drivers in 2030**: Joint Office of Energy & Transportation EV adoption projections for cities/areas

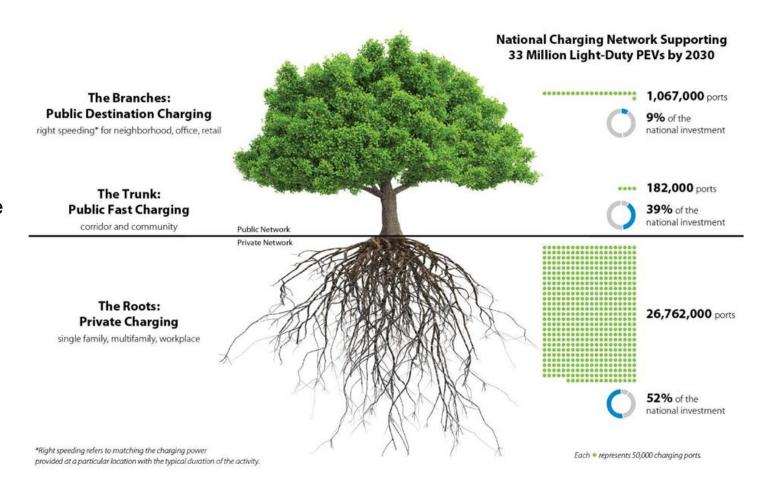
**Est. EV drivers in 2040**: Regional share of IDOT's statewide adoption projection (apply region's current % of EV drivers)

#### **Medium EV adoption by 2040**

(99% access to home charging, **6,570 EVs**)

- 42 Public Level 3/fast charging ports
- 319 Public Level 2 ports
- 6,290 Single family ports
- 117 Shared private ports

Illustration of Charging Infrastructure Needs in the U.S.



Source: National Renewable Energy Laboratory, "The 2030 National Charging Network," 2023

# How challenging is buildout for rural areas?

- 42 Fast charging ports
- 319 Public Level 2 ports
- 6,290 Single family ports
- 117 Shared private ports

**HARD**: High costs, need federal/state incentives or big private investment, install harder (e.g. 3-phase)

**DOABLE**: Lower cost, charger rebates, small investment for cities / orgs / businesses, local grants

**VERY DOABLE**: Low cost, residential charger rebates, small investment for many

**HARD-ish**: Lower cost, but without local incentives or regs, developers / landlords may not invest

#### **Estimates of Total Charger Project Cost**

Level 2 Home	\$500 - \$4,000	
Level 2 Public	\$15,000 - \$20,000	
Level 3 (20 kW)	\$15,000 - \$30,000	
Level 3 (50 kW)	\$40,000 - \$60,000	
Level 3 (100 kW)	\$60,000 - \$80,000	
Level 3 (150 kW)	\$80,000 - \$100,000	
Level 3 (180+ kW)	>\$100,000	

Source: Alliant Energy, 2024

# How is our rural area doing so far?

## Characteristics of Public Charging in UERPC Region

91% of charging is available to the public

15 cities have public charging (30%)

3%

13%

9%

6%

3%

3%

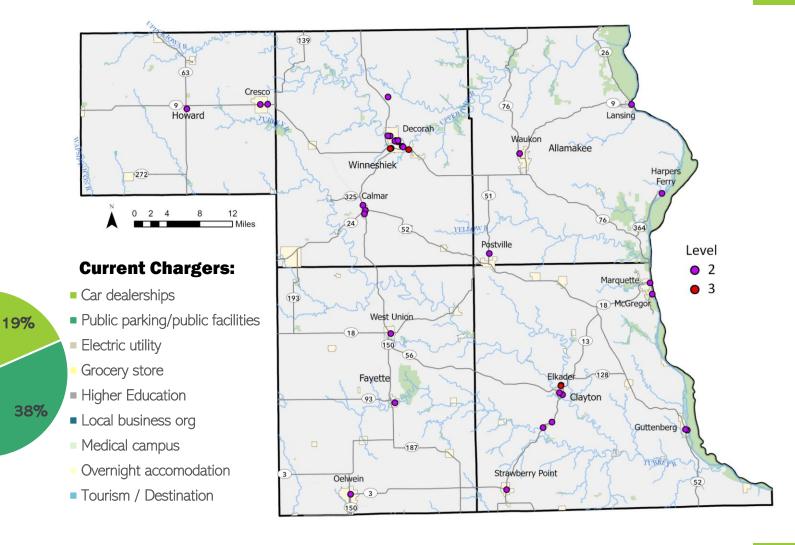
94% of chargers are Level 2

85% of chargers require payment

Fees are per kWh (avg. of \$.33/kWh), per session, or per charge

78% of public chargers are open 24/7

#### \*Level 2 public chargers are found every 25 miles or less throughout region



\*There are around 67 charging ports (in 2022 there were 26, so the number has more than doubled over the course of the regional project)

# Future Deployment: Phase 1, Level 2 Public

#### **Top public locations** drawing visitors; overnight accommodations

- Cities over 500 with retail draw (downtown districts)
- Overnight accommodations
- **Public campgrounds**
- Public destinations (museums, park & recreation, etc.)
- **Higher education institutions**
- Hospitals



Fairfield Inn charger in Decorah, IA



Charger at Luther College in Decorah, IA Charger in downtown West Union, IA



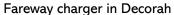
\*Prioritizes ability to take local action, work with public partners, and meet visitor's needs

# Future Deployment: Phase 2, Level 2 Public

**Top private destinations &** accommodations; state/fed destinations; public facilities w/local draw

- **Private campgrounds**
- **Breweries and wineries**
- **Grocery stores**
- State or federal destinations
- **Public high schools**
- **Public libraries**







Charger at Textile Brewing, Independence Charger at Independence High School



\*Prioritizes charging to meet local demand, or charging projects that require working with non-public or hard to reach public partners

# Future Deployment: Phase 3, Level 3 Public

# Highly visible and accessible public locations along highway corridors

- Along highways with high AADT
- Within 1 mile of highway
- Within 50 miles of other Level 3s
- Access to 3 phase power
- Key stops for travelers / commuters
- Open 24 hrs. or much of day
- Public restroom access
- Broadband / WiFi
- Existing vehicle fueling use







Level 3 at Kwik Trip, Johnson Crk, WI

\*Prioritizes charging to meet needs of travelers, and requires coordination with private businesses

## Pursue Opportunities for Positive Financial & Economic Impacts From EVs & Chargers

- 1) Chargers in downtowns to encourage shopping
- 2) Market region as EV-friendly destination
- 3) Engage in partnerships with funders
- 4) Share incentive information with stakeholders

### Collaborate Regionally for Joint Projects, Shared Resources & Learnings, and Positive Results

- 1) Continue collaborations through Regional EV Workgroup
- 2) Incorporate EV readiness goals in local/regional planning
- 3) Track charger funding & share with partners
- 4) Work with utilities, cities, auto dealers on public chargers

# Provide An Accessible & Reliable EV Charging Network

- 1) Pursue city-owned chargers in high traffic locations
- 2) Implement charging at prioritized public locations
- 3) Implement charging at prioritized private locations
- 4) Educate regarding charging needed for EV fleets
- 5) Buildout fast charging near highways, fill gaps in network
- 6) Plan make-ready infrastructure to support chargers
- 7) Work with partners to ensure distribution infrastructure

#### **Grow NE Iowa EV market**

- 1) Disseminate EV fleet resources to public entities
- 2) Disseminate EV fleet resources to private entities
- 3) Get EVs on State purchasing list for govts.
- 4) Implement workplace charging programs & increase employee awareness and use

# Provide training, education, outreach & engagement regarding EVs and charging

- 1) Address EV safety training needs
- 2) Address EV maintenance training needs
- 3) Engage public through EV outreach and events
- 4) Provide ed. resources & assistance to private entities on EV use, charging, and fleets
- 5) Provide ed. resources & assistance to public entities on EV use, charging, and fleets
- 6) Create EV charger installation toolkit
- 7) Support to auto dealers regarding EVs & community charging
- 8) Disseminate city policies & practices for becoming EV-ready

# Thank you.

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