## Regional Resilience for Transportation and Economic Development

National Regional Transportation Conference | July 29, 2020





CEDS CENTRAL



## www.CEDSCentral.com

**Resilience**: The ability of a region or community to anticipate, withstand, and bounce back from shocks, disruptions, and stresses including:

Weather-related disasters or hazards / Impacts of climate change
The closure of a large employer or military base
The decline of an important industry
Changes in workforce / effects of automation
COVID-19 response & recovery
Much more...

## Not Just Bouncing Back...Bouncing Forward

"Another way of looking at resilience is the ability not only to bounce back but also to "bounce forward" - to recover and at the same time to enhance the capacities of the community or organization to better withstand future stresses."

- Urban Land Institute – After Sandy

## Why Regional Resilience?

- Nearby communities often share similar risks/hazards
- Disaster impacts cross jurisdictional boundaries
- Communities are interdependent
  - Vulnerabilities in one community could impact another.
  - Mitigation investments in one community could impact another (positively or negatively).
- Economies are regional in nature
- Communities can accomplish more when they work together

## Thanks for Joining the Webinar!

Questions or comments can be submitted via the chat box on the right side of your screen in drop down menu

A recording of the webinar will be made available soon at <u>www.nado.org</u> & <u>www.CEDSCentral.com</u>

- Upcoming webinars for Summertime with the CEDS:
  - August 6 Economic Development: Considerations for Change
  - August 11 So You Want to Hire a Disaster Recovery Coordinator? Lessons Learned and Best Practices for EDDs

Please contact Brett Schwartz at <u>bschwartz@nado.org</u> if you have any general questions about NADO RF or the Stronger CEDS, Stronger Regions program



## Today's Presenters

**Gena McCullough**, Assistant Executive Director/Planning Director Bi-State Regional Commission (IL/IA)



Joshua Owens, Senior Regional Planner Houston-Galveston Area Council (TX)





# Extreme Weather and Infrastructure Resilience

### **BI-STATE REGIONAL COMMISSION**

### FHWA PILOT PROJECT

GENA MCCULLOUGH, ASST. EXECUTIVE/

PLANNING DIRECTOR





# FHWA Resilience and Durability to Extreme Weather Pilot Program





## Purpose of the Grant

- Conduct vulnerability assessment
- Determine strategies to mitigate impacts







5 Mississippi River Bridges + Rock River Crossings

4 Interstates, 5 U.S. Highways, 10 State Highways

3 Railroads – Class I & II

24 Barge Terminals

2 Locks/Dams

3 Public Transit Systems +Multiple On-Demand Private Providers & Taxis Services

2 Airports

2 National Trails











## Vulnerability Assessment



- Structured process
- •Ways to use results in practice
- Examples from other similar projects
- Links and references to related resources and tools

## Project framework

- Develop an Advisory Committee
- Secure data
- Access vulnerability and adaptation options
- Determine priorities and opportunities to incorporate adaptation
- Integrate assessment

#### VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT AND ADAPTATION FRAMEWORK



## Stakeholders



#### Environmental/Other

- NOAA-NWS, State Climatologists
- Corps of Engineers, NRCS, DNR/IEPA
- Industry, Health Depts., Universities



#### **Transportation**

- FHWA, State DOTs, County & City Engineers/Planners, EMAs
- Transit, Railroads, Airports, Trails Interests



#### **Policy and Adaptation**

- Planning Advisory Group
- Transportation Technical and Policy Committees

## Summary of data trends

- FEMA Flood Risk Report
- CMIP Climate Data Processing Tool
- National Climatic Data Center
- FHWA, IL DOT, IA DOT
- Midwest Regional Climate Center
- US Geological Survey
- National Weather Service

- Increased variability
  - Floods, tornadoes, storms
- Increased precipitation
  - Frequency
  - Volume
- Increased disruptions for transportation networks
  - Impacts CAN be reduced through adaptive actions



# Variability vs. Trend and Extremes







# Climate Change (Trend)

Need to acknowledge and consider in planning. The rules of the game are changing <u>now</u>.







## **Billion-Dollar Disasters**







## Future Climate







# Hazards today and in the future

#### Heat

Flood, river and flash

#### Drought

• Wildfires (rare)

#### Winter Storms

Severe weather

Tornadoes, hail, damaging wind

Hurricanes? Coastal Flooding?



These are confounded with an increase in social vulnerability.



Climate Change and Notable Vulnerabilities of Transportation Assets



### Extreme weather in the Quad Cities

- River flooding
- Flash flooding
- Combined stormsHail
  - Lightning/ thunder
  - High winds
- Severe winter storm
- Extreme heat
- Tornadoes







## Local Trends 1900-2018





**Record Crests** 22.70 ft on 5/2/2019 1<sup>st</sup> 22.63 ft on 7/09/1993 2<sup>nd</sup> Records for Consecutive Days above Flood Stage 96 days: 2019 - 3/15 to 6/1843 days: 2011 - 3/29 to 5/10

## Data sharing

- City inundation data?
- Storm surge backup on the Mississippi?
- Late season floods?
- Straight line winds?
- Main routes that have underground power lines?
- Extreme heat?
- Other?



Source: Climate Change Impacts in Iowa: Report to the Governor and Assembly, 2010

## Prioritizing Assets

**Criticality assessment** = involves identifying the most critical elements of the transportation system for analysis, using quantitative and qualitative data.

**Vulnerability assessment** = what critical facilities/infrastructure are more vulnerable to disruptions or likely to be impacted by extreme weather, <u>now and in the future</u>?

**Adaptation options** = strategies that can increase resilience of the regional transportation system.

# Critical Infrastructure & Facilities

- Evacuation gathering sites
- Public works facilities
- Transit hubs
- Transit transfer points
- Rural transit operations
- Airports
- Port facilities
- Railyard



# Stakeholder Survey & Interviews



## Stakeholder Workshop

- Vulnerability assessment
- Adaptation options



## Criticality Assessment

**Criticality assessment** = involves identifying the most critical elements of the transportation system for analysis, using quantitative and qualitative data.

| Virginia DOT               |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Criteria                   | Data Source  |  |
| Level of use               | Traffic volume   |  |
| Risk of flooding           | Elevation<br>relative to sea<br>level                    |  |
| Special route<br>locations | Maintenance<br>priority routes<br>& evacuation<br>routes |  |

North Jersey Transportation Planning Authority

| Criteria                   | Data Source                       |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Importance of destinations | Jobs and<br>population<br>density |
| Magnitude of connections   | Traffic volume and ridership      |
| Emergency<br>routes        | Evacuation routes                 |

## Refining Criticality Criteria

### Stakeholder & Transportation Technical Committee Input

What is critical to our region's transportation system?

- High use areas/routes
- Land use/destinations of importance
  - i.e. RI Arsenal, densely populated areas
- Mississippi River crossings
- Medical/emergency routes
  i.e. hospital access
- Redundancy throughout network
- Economic vitality
  - i.e. access to large employers

### Data Input for Weighted Sum Overlay Analysis

#### Bridges (AADT)

| Manual Classification    |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| < 1,000                  | 1 |
| 1,001 - 10,000           | 2 |
| 10,001 – 25,000          | 3 |
| 25,001 - 40,000          | 4 |
| > 40,000                 | 5 |
| Pedestrian access bridge | 1 |

#### IL Roadways (AADT)

| Natural Breaks Classifi | cation |
|-------------------------|--------|
| 500 - 4,250             | 1      |
| 4,251 – 9,400           | 2      |
| 9,401 – 17,900          | 3      |
| 17,901 – 32,600         | 4      |
| 32,601 – 69,700         | 5      |

#### IA Roadways (AADT)

| Natural Breaks Classification | on |
|-------------------------------|----|
| 500 - 3,520                   | 1  |
| 3,521 – 8,900                 | 2  |
| 8,901 – 17,100                | 3  |
| 17,101 – 30,000               | 4  |
| 30,001 – 72,000               | 5  |

#### Access to Critical Facilities

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1

All access road segments

#### Access to Major Employers

All access road segments

#### Bettendorf Transit (Ridership)

Natural Breaks Classification of Avg. Weekday Ridership

0 - 76 1 77 - 95 2 96 - 111 3

#### Davenport Transit (Ridership)

Natural Breaks Classification of Avg. Weekday Ridership

| 0 - 110   | 1 |
|-----------|---|
| 111 - 186 | 2 |
| 187 - 302 | 3 |

#### MetroLink Transit (Ridership)

Natural Breaks Classification of Avg. Weekday Ridership

| 0 – 634      | 1 |
|--------------|---|
| 635 – 1,545  | 2 |
| 1,546 –2,518 | 3 |







## Focus for Adaptation Options Prioritization

- Most at-risk
  - Corridors
  - Hot spots
- Already Planned
   Projects
- Asset by State or Jurisdiction
- Combination

#### Priority Segments for Adaptation Options Review


# Review Priorities by Potential Solutions



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# Other Policies and Procedures

- Climate and emissions policies
- Emergency Management
- Mitigation Measures
- Disinvestment
- Solutions with co-benefits
- Environmental Justice and Equity



# Incorporating into Transportation Planning Process

#### LRTP

#### Extreme Weather Resilience Objective

- Develop objective for LRTP policy statement
- Incorporate Adaptation Priorities in chapters
- Consider resilience review for planned projects

TIP

**Resilience Discussion & Project Selection** 

- Recognize resilience in TIP use environmental maps to highlight vulnerabilities
- Review selection criteria to incorporate resilience

#### Technical Asst. Resilience in Project Development Process

- Write grants for priority resilience projects
- Work with local jurisdictions during project development process to incorporate adaptation options into project development

### Next Steps & Lesson Learned

Priorities and Opportunities for Adaptation

+

Integrate Results & Recommendations

#### <u>Jun.-Sep. 2020</u>

- Criticality Mapping Analysis Finalize
- Adaptation Strategies Draft to MPO Technical Committee and Advisory Committee
- Draft Resilience Study Report & Recommendations for the LRTP
- Final Report to FHWA

#### Lessons Learned – Peer Exchange

- Growing Staff Capacity in Climate
- Data Integration
- Valuing Resilience
- Proactive Collaboration
- Mainstreaming Resilience
- Resilience Informed Planning

# Questions?

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# Lessons Learned in Economic Resilience Planning

# In the Houston-Galveston Region









U.S. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION



Houston-Galveston Area Council







# Questions

- How well is the 13-county H-GAC Region positioned to withstand and prevent disruptions?
- What are the SWOT's at the regional and local level for the region's urban, suburban and rural areas?
- What are the current best practices in the region and elsewhere?
- What resources are available to assist communities?

# **Planning Process**

Economic Resilience Literature Review Survey of Plans and Initiatives Vulnerability Analysis County-Level Workshops



## **Economic Resilience Literature Review**

# economic resilience

EDA definition

Economic resilience is the ability to withstand and prevent disruptions to the economy.

# **Survey of Plans and Initiatives**

\* .....

- Economic Development Strategic Plans
- Comprehensive Plans
- Hazard Mitigation Plans
- Capital Improvement Plans

# **Vulnerability Analysis**

\* .....

- Past Disasters
- Hazard Mitigation Plan Priorities
- Vulnerable Populations
- Growth/Land Use Forecasts

# **County-Level Workshops**

- Presented Socio-Economic Data
- Hazard Mitigation Plan Priorities
- Economic Development Goals/SWOT
- Areas for Collaboration



























# Plan Contents

- Big Ideas
- County Level Economic Resilience Profiles

- Case Studies
- Resources































































#### LIBERTY COUNTY ECONOMIC **RESILIENCE PROFILE**

Introduction

capacity to respond to disruptions.

Economic resilience is the ability to withstand and prevent

Creating a resilient economy requires the ability to anticipate risk, evaluate how risk can impact economic assets, and build the

This profile is intended to provide an overview of the factors

County and it's economy by providing key data points on the

economy, demographics, and other useful information.

affecting the future growth, development and resilience of Liberty

major employer; and natural or man made disasters.

disruptions to the economy. The most common types of disruptions

include downturns in the economy or in a key industry; the exit of a

#### Contents

| Liberty County Overview90            |
|--------------------------------------|
| Recent Disruptions to the Economy    |
| Economic Resilience Strategies       |
| Recommendations                      |
| Land Use and Demographics            |
| Housing                              |
| Economy                              |
| Education, Hazard Risks, and Commute |
| Economic Clusters                    |
| Local Planning                       |
| Data Sources                         |

#### Liberty County **Boundaries**

Liberty County Other counties

Top 4 cities — Major roads

County Seat: Liberty Largest City: Liberty







**Population Growth Forecast** Liberty County grew by 69% from 1980 to 2015 and is expected to reach 155,000 residents by 2040.



Liberty County is bisected by the Trinity river, and the western half of the county is experiencing increased residential development.

The City of Liberty is Liberty County's largest incorporated municipality. 9,175 Liberty 8.095 Cleveland\* 7,734 Dayton 1,093 Ames 1.054 Daisetta 885 Hardin 654 Plum Grove 615 Kenefick 486 Devers 267 North Cleveland 157 Old River-Winfree\* 100 Dayton Lakes 51,389 Unincorporated \*The municipality spans multiple counties. Only the population residing in Liberty County is shown here.

Municipal Populations

San Jacinto



# Leadership in Times of CRISIS

#### A Toolkit for Economic Recovery and Resiliency







About

#### Disaster Preparedness • Economic Recovery • Resilience

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USDA Rural Development: Summary of Major Programs

Download for more details on the resources available in Florida!

#### News & Resources

INVOLUCRANDO EMPRESAS PEQUEÑAS EN PREPARACIÓN PARA DESASTRES

#### WOLUCRANDO New brochure in Spanish! ¡Nuevo folleto en español!

¿Por qué involucrar empresas pequeñas en continuidad comercial? Empresas pequeñas tiene una función crítica en la economía local porque proveen servicios y productos necesarios a ambos residentes y grandes empleadores. Después ...[more]

#### Welcome

RestoreYourEconomy.org provides resources and best practice information for public and private stakeholders who are seeking to rebuild their local economies after an economic disruption, be it a natural disaster or man-made crisis, as well as assisting the business






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