

CEDS Content Guidelines Workshop



NADO ON THE HILL 2015 WASHINGTON POLICY CONFERENCE MARCH 25, 2015

CEDS Content Guidelines

- You now have flexibility you have been asking for—embrace opportunity to rethink, improve and better leverage your CEDS
- CEDS should play multiple roles—technically sound plan, vehicle for collaboration (and \$),
 EDD leadership positioning & marketing
- CEDS is about capacity building—in your EDD region and in your EDD organization



CEDS Content Guidelines

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Agenda:

- 1. Why new Guidelines?
- 2. What's new with the Guidelines?
- 3. How are the Guidelines structured?
- 4. What are the formatting recommendations?
- 5. What are the content recommendations?
- 6. What about CEDS equivalent/alternate plans?
- 7. How/when will the Guidelines be updated?



The new **CEDS Content Guidelines** are a collection of suggestions and recommendations, not a list of additional requirements. . .



Why new CEDS Content Guidelines?

- The new CFDS Content Guidelines (Guidelines) are intended to help regional planning organizations craft more impactful CEDS. The Guidelines were released in conjunction with EDA's new regulations.
- The Guidelines are intended to replace the old two-pager ("CEDS Summary of Requirements") which was often criticized for simply repeating the regs while not providing enough information on what EDA would like to see in the CEDS.



frected to section 302 of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. § 3162) and EDA's regulations at 13 C.F.R. part 303. The locument is intended to serve as a convenient source for requirements relating to the CEDS. Nothing in this document is intended to supersede or otherwis

on: A comprehensive economic development strategy (CEDS) is designed to bring together the public and private sectors in the creation of a economic roadmap to diversify and strengthen regional economies. The CEDS should analyze the regional economy and serve as a guide for establishing regional goals and objectives, developing and implementing a regional plan of action, and identifying investment priorities and indirect sources. A CEDS integrates a regions human and physical capital planning in the service of economic development. Integrated economic development planning provides the flexibility to adapt to global economic conditions and fully utilize the region's unique advantages to maximize economic opportunity for its readerist by attracting the private investment that create place to the ret event is residentia. A CEDS must be the result of a continuing economic development planning process developed with broad-based and diverse public and private sector participation, and must set forth the goals and objectives necessary to solve the economic development problems of the region and clearly define the metrics of success. Finally, a CEDS provides a useful benchmark by which a regional economy can evaluate opportunities with other regions in the national economy

Who should develop a CEDS? A Planning Organization seeking to formulate and implement a regional economic development program will benefit Who shadow is completed by a complete of the c funded or CEDS prepared independently of EDA investment assistance or oversight.

The following sections set out below on "Planning Organizations" and "Strategy Committees" cover the requirements for EDA-funded CEDS, while the remainder of this document pertains to technical requirements for CEDS. It should be noted that in determining the acceptability of a CEDS prepared independently of EDA investment assistance or oversight for projects under 13 C.F.R. parts 305 or 307. EDA may in its discretion determine that the CEDS is acceptable without it fulfilling every requirement set out in 13 C.F.R. § 303.7. In doing so, EDA shall consider the circumstances surrounding the application for investment assistance, including emergencies or natural disasters, and the fulfillment of the requirements of Section 302 of PWEDA.

Pursuant to 13 C.F.R. § 303.6, if EDA awards Investment Assistance to a Planning Organization to develop, revise, or replace a CEDS, the Planning Organization must follow the procedures set forth in paragraphs A.1 and A.2.

Planning Organization: A Planning Organization (as defined in 13 C.F.R. § 303.2), typically an Economic Development District (EDD) or lint Tribe, may be eligible for EDA planning investment assistance. The purpose of such assistance is to develop a CEDS for a specific EDA-appror region. The Planning Organization is expendialle for.

- Appointing a Strategy Committee (CEDS Committee);
 Developing and submitting to EDA a CEDS that complies with 13 C.F.R. § 303.7.
- . Making a new or revised CEDS available for review and comment by the public for a period of at least thirty (30) days prior to submission of the
- After obtaining approval of the CEDS, submitting to EDA an updated CEDS performance report annually. The performance report, addition to reporting progress on CEDS implementation, should also discuss community and private sector participation in the CEDS effort. Any performance report that results in a change in the technical components of the EDA-approved CEDS must be available for review and comment by the public for a period of at least thirty (30) days prior to submission of the performance report to EDA:
- Submitting a copy of the CEDS to any Regional Commission if any part of the EDA-approved EDD region is covered by that Commission.
 Submitting a new CEDS to EDA at least every five (5) years, unless EDA or the Planning Organization determines that a new CEDS is requ earlier due to changed circumstances.

eplacing the CEDS. The Strategy Committee must represent the main economic interests of the region, and must include Private Sector Representatives (defined in 13 C.F.R. § 300.3, with respect to any for-profit enterprise, as any senior management official or executive новительные учением ит э съгк. 3 эмую, with respect to any ron-profit enterprise, as any senior management official or executive holding a key decision making position, or that person's designee) as a majority of its membership. In addition, the Planning Organization should ensure that the Strategy Committee also includes:

- Community leaders;
- Representatives of workforce development boards
- Representatives of institutions of higher education
- Minority and labor groups; and



What's new with the CEDS Content Guidelines?

- Looks more like the 2000 and 2002 CEDS Guidelines ("Brown Book" and "Green Book").
- Developed with input of EDA regional office staff and stakeholders.
- Offers suggestions on what should be included in each of the required sections (per the regs), and recommends tools, resources and examples to help in the development of the CEDS document ("Recommended Resource").
- Focused almost exclusively on content (versus process).
- Provides practical suggestions about formatting look and feel.



US Economic Development Administration - 010515

How are the CEDS Content Guidelines structured?

- 1. Overview
- 2. Content
 - Summary Background
 - SWOT Analysis
 - Strategic Direction/Action Plan
 - Evaluation Framework
 - Economic Resilience
- 3. Format
- 4. Preparation
- 5. Equivalent/Alternative Plans

Comprehensive Economic
Development Strategy (CEDS)
Content Guidelines:
Recommendations for Creating an Impactful CEDS

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	Α.	Summary Background: A summary background of the economic development conditions of the region	4
	В.	SWOT Analysis: An in-depth analysis of regional strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats	6
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	wh	ich should be consistent with other relevant state/regional/local plans.	.11
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What are the formatting recommendations?

1. Keep your audience in mind

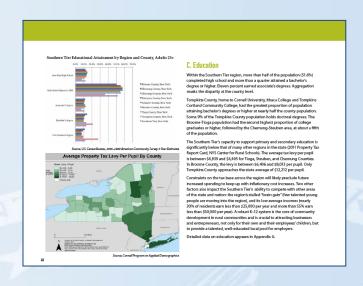
- Target page length
- Executive summary
- Use appendices

2. Communicate creatively

- Appealing look-and-feel
- Alternate formats

3. Think beyond the document

Consider stakeholder engagement



FLORIDA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS

Scott Koons

North Central Florida Regional Planning Council Gainesville, FL

Communication/Engagement
Florida Scorecard

75.0%

ву 2030...

...26,000,000 Residents

Prosperity & High Paying Jobs

Global Competitiveness

Vibrant & Sustainable Communities

and Education **Talent Supply**

Economic Development Innovation and

Growth Leadership Infrastructure and

and Competitiveness **Business Climate**

Governance Systems Civic and

and Quality Places **Quality of Life**

SECURING FLORIDA'S FUTURE, TOGETHER



What are the **content** recommendations?

- 1. Linking the sections to improve CEDS focus and measurable impact
- 2. Including key elements such as workforce, broadband, energy, etc.
- 3. Emphasizing measurable goals/strategies rather than a stand-alone list of projects
- 4. Integrating/leveraging other planning efforts and resources
- 5. Infusing economic resilience into the CEDS



1. Linking the sections to improve the CEDS focus and measurable impact

Elements of the CEDS content should build upon and/or shape each other to result in a coherent, targeted document -- SWOT section is key

- The demographic data in the summary background section should be limited to those items and key findings that are **relevant** to the SWOT
- The strategic direction and associated action plan should logically flow from the critical internal and external factors that speak to the region's assets and limitations (as identified in the SWOT) and its role in capacity building
- The evaluation framework, with its associated measures and timelines, should cascade from the strategic direction (and its measurable objectives) and action plan which in turn flow from the initial SWOT analysis



2. Including key elements such as workforce, broadband, energy, etc.

The SWOT section recommends assessing a wide variety of regional attributes, including:

- State of the regional economy, clusters, partners and resources for economic development
- Global competitiveness/FDI/exports
- Workforce/Job-Driven Training
- Spatial efficiency/sustainability
- Broadband
- Energy
- Natural hazards
- Equitable development

Summary Background section also outlines a large number of information types that may be relevant to include/examine in the CEDS



3. Emphasizing goals, measurable objectives and strategies rather than a stand-alone list of projects

The strategic direction and action plan are the heart and soul of the document

- The strategic direction should evolve from a clearly defined vision with prioritized goals and measurable objectives
- A successful action plan should then focus on those regionally-driven strategic priorities that will result in a prioritized, measurable collection of capacity building activity areas
 - ✓ The action plan, however, should NOT simply be a list of projects
 - ✓ Action plan should NOT exclusively reflect those activities which EDA alone could potentially support



4. Integrating/leveraging other planning efforts and resources

Look for opportunities to "cross-pollinate"

- CEDS should integrate other regional planning efforts
- CEDS should identify opportunities for the integrated use of other local, state, private and federal funds

Doug Elliott East Central Iowa Council of Governments Cedar Rapids, IA

Integrated Planning CEDS/Transportation



Mike Manis

Centralina

Council of Governments

Charlotte, NC

Integrated Planning CEDS/Workforce



"CONNECT OUR FUTURE" PROCESS MAP

This process will create a regional growth framework developed through extensive community engagement, built on what communities identify as existing conditions, future plans and community values.

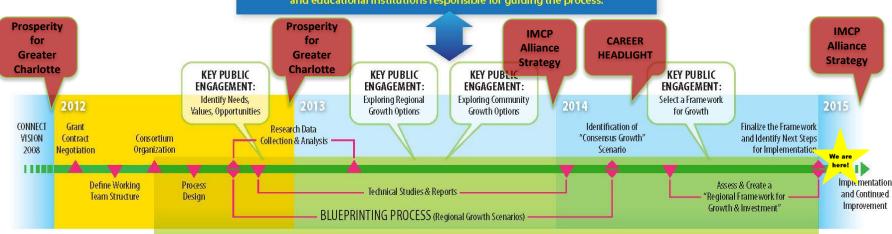
This process builds capacity for problem solving and focuses on being inclusive and transparent.

PARTICIPATION, LEADERSHIP and CHAMPIONS

Elected Officials, Regional Stakeholders and Residents: 14-County Region

CONNECT CONSORTIUM

A broad-based group of more than 100 governments, businesses, non-profits, and educational institutions responsible for guiding the process.



PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT OPPORTUNITIES • PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT OPPORTUNITIES • PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT OPPORTUNITIES



















CONNECT work groups representing the seven program areas above will provide technical support and guidance to the process of developing a regional growth framework.



- 5. Infusing economic resiliency into the CEDS document
- ". . .each CEDS must promote Regional resiliency and be unique and responsive to the relevant Region."
- <u>Economic resiliency</u> = An area's ability to withstand, prevent, or quickly recover from major disruptions (i.e., 'shocks') to its underlying economic base.
- CEDS serves as a critical mechanism to help regions identify vulnerabilities and withstand or recover from disruptions.
- Integrating resiliency into the CEDS can take multiple forms (need to identify assets and vulnerabilities regardless)



- Steady-state initiatives: longer-term efforts that seek to bolster a community's ability to withstand or prevent a shock
- Responsive initiatives: establishing capabilities that allow an organization/region to be responsive to region's recovery needs following an incident
- As a baseline, EDA suggests regions undertake a two-pronged approach:
 - 1) Implement **specific goals or actions** to bolster the long-term economic durability of the region (*steady-state*)
 - 2) Establish **information networks** among the various stakeholders in the region to facilitate active and regular communications between the public, private, education and non-profit sectors to collaborate on existing and potential future challenges (*responsive*).

Debora Glasgow South Western Oklahoma Development Authority Burns Flat, OK

Economic Resiliency Industry Diversification

Learn More

Learn More

Learn More



Kevin Belanger

South Central Planning &

Development Commission

Content is being Houma, LA Pavelopment Commission added and improved Houma, LA

Welcome to South Con Economic Resiliency

Disaster Preparedness



Equivalent/Alternative Plans

- EDA may accept as a CEDS any locally, state, or regionally prepared plan, or a plan prepared under any Federally supported program if:
 - plan is current (i.e., developed or updated within the past year)
 - plan preparation and contents address EDA's regulations
 - plan is consistent with the Guidelines
- "Nesting" -- Previously approved CEDS should be folded into the new plan by leveraging the existing action/implementation plans and evaluation frameworks to effectively inform the newer plan.
- EDA does not formally "approve" these alternate/equivalent plans; EDA will accept or deny them as part of the community or region's pursuit of an EDAfunded project.



Western Nevada Development District Western Nevada Development District Development District Carson City, NV WNDD is certified by the U.S. Economic

Coordinated Planning USDA SET Program



Guideline Updates

- 1. Guidelines on the EDA website (<u>www.eda.gov/CEDS</u>)
- 2. Update schedule (ongoing)

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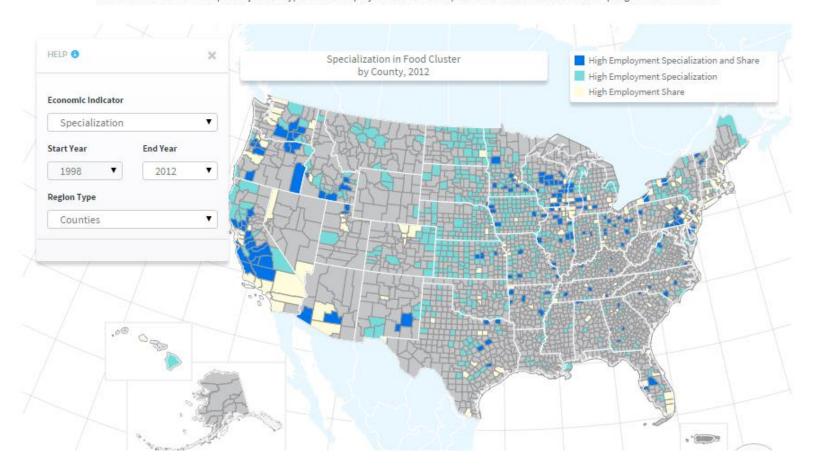
CEDS Tips & Tricks – A Few NADO Comments

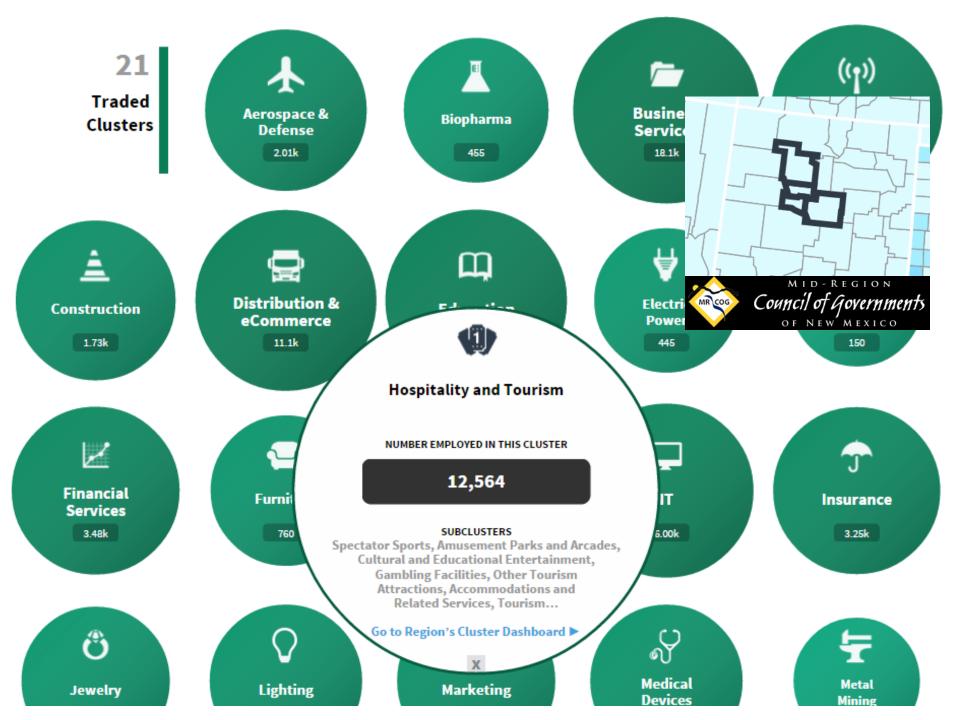


BRIAN KELSEY BKELSEY@NADO.ORG



This map illustrates the economic geography of this cluster. Click on any region for specific regional data or to go to a Region Dashboard. Use the controls on the map to adjust the type of data displayed. Below the map is a set of charts that show the top regions for this cluster.

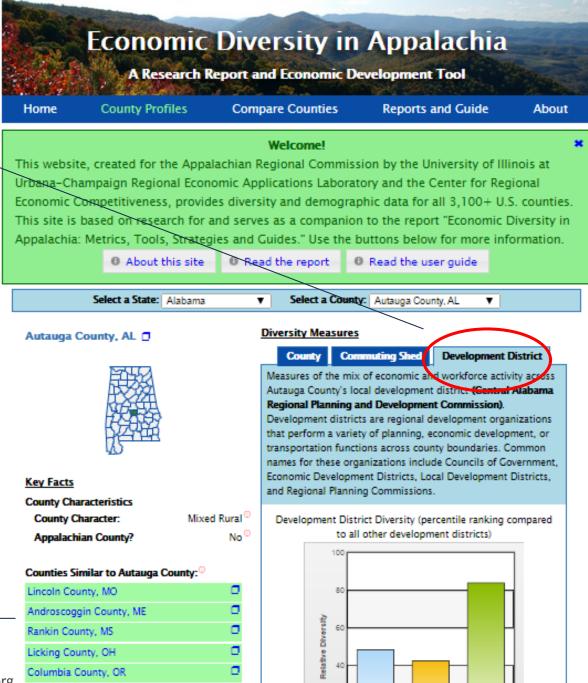




Analyze measures of economic diversity for counties in your EDD and benchmark your EDD to other EDDs.

Data tool developed for ARC counties but data available for all counties in U.S.

Identify peer counties for benchmarking and potential info sharing.



http://economicdiversityinappalachia.creconline.org



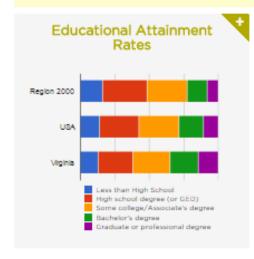
Region 2000 Local Economy Dashboard

OVERVIEW

GENERAL ECONOMIC

TALENT DEVELOPMENT KEY INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE ENTREPRENEURSHIP & INNOVATION REGIONAL EQUITY OF LIFE

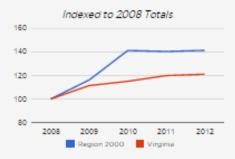
These indicators track the capacity and skills of the region's workforce. The region's talent level is the key ingredient for future economic prosperity.



Don't stop with data!

Use the website to link goals, strategies, activities (implementation) to key regional/local metrics.

High School Students Participating in Career and Technical Education Programs



What Does it Measure?

This measure shows the number of high school students training for?and looking to enter?careers in the trades and other technical fields.

How is Region 2000 Performing?

The number of CTE program completions by Region 2000 increased by 40 percent between the years 2008 and 2012, a rate twice as fast as the state as a whole.

What Does it Mean?

This measure indicates that Region 2000 is doing very well at encouraging high school students to complete career and technical education programs. The high number of completions shows that the region will be better positioned to supply a ready pool of potential workers for trades and technical fields. Most analysts predict that these middle skill jobs will be among the fastest growing occupations in future years. This strong performance suggests Region 2000 is well situated to compete for these jobs.

Source: Virginia Department of Education, 2008-2012

Content Guidelines > Plan Outline

- Vision Statement
- Call to Action

SMART Goals

- Strategies
- Actions



— What



Summary background & SWOT analysis

Evaluation framework

Strategic direction & action plan

I. Executive Summary

- Vision Statement
- b. What is [EDD]?
- c. What is a CEDS?
- d. Why are you doing this?—the "call to action"
 - Economic Conditions/SWOT Finding #1
 - Economic Conditions/SWOT Finding #2
 - Economic Conditions/SWOT Finding #3
- e. What will you accomplish?
 - SMART Goal #1
 - SMART Goal #2
 - SMART Goal #3
- f. How will you do it?
 - SMART Goal #1 Strategy or Project
 - SMART Goal #2 Strategy or Project
 - SMART Goal #3 Strategy or Project



S.M.A.R.T.

Goals should be used for each critical condition and should be specific, measurable, achievable, relevant and time based.

Executive Summary

A Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy (CED) is more than a mandatory report for opening dozor to federal funding, especially through the U.S. Economic Development Administration (EDA). It should be an opportunity to formulate efficitive strategies that transform a region's economy by creating or retaining wealth and increasing prosperity.

However, too often a CEDS is perceived as a compilation of the region's needs and wish list of proposed projects, without an analysis of the trends and conditions that impact a region's current economic landscape and without asset-based strategies to improve these conditions. And too often, the CEDS focuses on the number of jobs created, while failing to recognize that not all Jobs have equal value.

To foster meaningful conomic development, the national network of 380 DDA-designated Economic Development Districts (EDDs) should strive for a more sophisticated approach to setting, measuring and meeting goals than simply counting job growth, which does not accurately determine whether a region is growing its economy in the right direction.

What is the "right" direction? It is job growth that is in balance with a comprehensive vision that leverages the unique assets of a regional economy. A balanced approach to economic development also focuses on wealth creation and retention, improving quality of place, fostering a climate of innovation, and growing overall regional prosperity. This is why job growth is only one metric used by ViTAL Economy in a broader, yet targeted set of indicators called performance metrics.

Growing the right kinds of jobs requires a region to set its community and economic development conditions in context. This involves understanding and measuring trends, defining the region's current economic conditions, and establishing measurable goals. As every region is unique, each region should use tailored and slightly different measures. These metrics should address:

- · Which conditions are important?
- · Which trends need to be reversed:
- . Which assets are available to be leveraged?
- . How will a strategy help achieve the economic vision?

Examples of critical conditions hampering economic growth include high levels of poverty, low average wages, low educational attainment, out-migration of healthcare services, aging workforce, and below-average broadband demand/speed/access.

Taking the critical conditions into account, a growing number of regional economic development policy makers, practitioners, and stakeholders are adopting the necessary discipline to establish best practice performance metrics to guide their CEDS development, design, and implementation path.

To be effective, the CEDS cannot focus solely on what a region lacks or needs. It must also focus on a region's unique assets and competitive advantages, as these will drive future economic success. To fully leverage a region's unique tangible and intangible assets as the foundation for transformative economic strategies, it is vital for regions to benchmark current conditions, yet also set measurable S.M.A.R.T. goals to monitor progress and adjust strategies and tactics as needed.

This white paper discusses how performance metrics can be used to create a more effective CEDS for a regional economy. It includes real-life examples of how performance metrics have been used by various Economic Development Districts (EDDs) and other regions assisted by ViTAL Economy to address unique conditions and transform their region's economic performance. It also demonstrates how performance metrics are the first critical step in creating meaningful strategies in a CEDS and how they can improve an economic region's ability to meet the new NADO's Seven Principles of CEDS Standards of Excellence (Appendix A).

"We will no longer think, think, think; we will think and act, and get results."

Michael Aube, President Eastern Maine Development Corporation

4 | Performance Metrics Matter

Performance Metrics Matter

http://www.nado.org/performance-metrics-matter/

II. Summary Background (Economic Conditions)

- a. Brief introduction of region—location, component counties/cities, population, etc.
- Recent timeline of major economic events (providing context)
- Key industries or clusters (with company features)
- Key regional trends—demographic, economic, social (tied to SWOT)
- e. Assets providing competitive advantage

III. SWOT Analysis

- a. Strengths
- b. Weaknesses
- c. Opportunities
- d. Threats



IV. The Plan: SMART Goals, Objectives, Strategies, Actions

- a. SMART Goal #1
 - i. Strategy 1.1
 - Action 1.1.1
 - Action 1.1.2
 - 3. Action 1.1.3
 - ii. Strategy 1.2
 - 1. Action 1.2.1
 - 2. Action 1.2.2
 - 3. Action 1.2.3
 - iii. Strategy 1.3
 - Action 1.3.1
 - Action 1.3.2
 - 3. Action 1.3.3



V. Evaluation Framework

SMART goals <u>are</u> your performance measures. Hypothetical example: "Increase the primary working age population of Region X by 10% by 2019." Make sure you have at least one SMART goal that tracks private investment and jobs created/retained to satisfy EDA's GPRA reporting requirements.

VI. Strategic Projects

Include at least one project of "regional significance" that corresponds to each SMART goal. You know your boards, communities, and stakeholders best so what you do with the longer "project list" is up to you. If you decide to list all projects here, make sure you do it in a format that doesn't look like a laundry list—i.e. organize them under SMART goals so they at least fit the format of the plan.





- Average earnings for workers, adjusted for inflation, were lower in 2011 than they were in 1970.
- Per capita income nearly doubled between 1970 and 2011, but much of that growth was from rents, investments, and transfer payments, not wages.

In short, low wages, rising cost of living, and limited job opportunities are creating a disconnect between Southeastern Vermont's perceived sense of economic security today and a future that looks anything but secured, especially for younger residents. Failure to address that disconnect will result in many Southeastern Vermonters continuing to search for economic opportunity elsewhere.

Call to Action

Disconnects and Lack of Cohesion

Throughout the CEDS development process, two themes have consistently risen to the top—lack of cohesion within the region and the insular disconnectedness of the entire region. In many ways, Southeastern Vermont can be viewed as a collection of unconnected silos of good, which if properly connected have the potential to become centers of excellence. It has also been accurately noted that the region is neither well connected within and across the region nor connected to the surrounding areas of Vermont, southwestern New Hampshire, or western Massachusetts.

Southeastern Vermont Economic Development Strategies (SeVEDS) endeavors to solve these problems of lack of cohesion and disconnectedness. There, are, however still significant barriers. Northern areas of the region are more connected East-West to Manchester and Springfield than North-South to Bellows Falls or Brattleboro. "The Valley" (Wilmington, Dover) is equidistant between Bennington and Brattleboro. Additionally, even within the region many communities of interest and organizations remain disconnected. The underlying challenge is the marked lack of a history or culture of collaboration and the extremely strong culture of looking inward to the local town or village rather than a central county or regional convening entity.

What is SeVEDS?

SeVEDS started in 2007 as a small group of people from across the region looking to improve broadband and cell service. After many meetings and input from stakeholders it became clear that lack of broadband and unreliable cell service were symptoms of a larger and more concerning problem: lack of economic development. In order to respond, SeVEDS incorporated as a non-profit organization and established a legal affiliation with the Brattleboro Development Credit Corporation.

SeVEDS Mission Statement SeVEDS exists to reverse the economic decline of the Southeastern Vermont region.

SeVEDS Vision Statement Southeastern
Vermont will have an economy that generates
long-term growth and prosperity and that improves
quality of life and sustains our quality of place.

Today, SeVEDS is led by a twenty-member board of directors representing public, private, and non-profit organizations from across the region.

Executive Committee

Chair Jenna Pugliese (Stratton Mountain)

Vice Chair Patrick Moreland (Town of Brattleboro)

Treasurer Drew Richards (Richards Group)

Secretary Adam Grinold

(Mount Snow Valley Chamber of Commerce)

Standing Committees

Post VY committee chair Stephan Morse (Retired, Windham Foundation)

Windham Region Young Professional committee chair Jenna Pugliese (Stratton Mountain)

Communications committee chair Julia Sorensen (Brattleboro Retreat)

Redevelopment Robin Sweetapple (BDCC Staff)

Workforce Development Patricia Moulton Powden (BDCC Staff)



Board Members

Jenna Pugliese (Stratton Mountain)

Patrick Moreland (Town of Brattleboro)

Drew Richards (Richards Group)

Adam Grinold (Mount Snow Valley Chamber of Commerce)

Stephan Morse (Retired, Windham Foundation)

Lisa Sullivan (Bartleby's Books)

Jeff Lewis (Brattleboro Development Credit Corporation)

Susan McMahon (Windham Regional Planning Commission)

Communicating Goals

Martin Langeveld (Strolling of the Heifers)

Jill James (Chroma Technology)

Ann Andresatos (New Chapter)

Cynthia Stoddard (Town of Putney)

Ariel Brooks (Marlboro College)

Francis "Dutch" Walsh (Town of Rockingham)

Konstantin VonKrusenstiern (Brattleboro Retreat)

In addition, SeVEDS has established a CEDS advisory committee to augment the SeVEDS leadership with even broader community representation during the process of creating and implementing the economic development Strategy.

Gail Nunziata (Latchis Arts)

William Anton (The Dover School)

Rachel Selsky (Camoin Associates)

Connie Snow (Windham Windsor Housing Trust)

Tapp Barmul (Community College of Vermont)

Aris Moore (Attorney at law)

What will SeVEDS accomplish?

In 2010, SeVEDS began to uncover and understand the underlying regional economic and demographic trends impacting the region's performance. This work, in concert with input collected from business owners, workers, and residents, resulted in SeVEDS deciding to focus on four core themes for improving the region's economy:

- Reversing population decline.
- Increasing the number of well paying jobs.
- Improving the quality of the workforce.
- Raising household income relative.
 to surrounding areas.

In 2011, SeVEDS adopted five objectives to guide the organization's activities:

- Create an operational and fiscal sustainability plan for SeVEDS by December 2011.
- Improve wage parity with the surrounding labor shed.
- Increase the size and quality of the workforce.



Using the data that SeVEDS has outlined, this section will state four core goals and the six objectives that will help us reach those goals. Under each objective are a series of strategies intended to directly incorporate the region's challenges and opportunities and which provide themes for improving the region's economy. These goals, objectives and strategies are the metrics by which SeVEDS will measure success in the copying years and the intention is that they will be updated in 2018.

Goal 1: Reverse population decline

- Increase population from 2011 baseline of 44,266 (estimated) to 46,266 by 2018.
- Increasing proportion of 25–44 year-olds from 21% to 25% of total population by 2018.
- Double the percentage of foreign-born residents in the region from 3.5% to 7% of total population by 2018.

Goal 2: Increase the number of well-paying jobs

- 1,054 new jobs at \$46,340 and 702 new jobs at \$42,130 by 2018. (new regional average wage goal)
- Increase wages of 4,650 jobs by \$5,000 per year.
- Increase median annual income for associates/ some college from \$27,869 to \$32,328.
- Increase median annual income for bachelor's degree from \$34,155 to \$40,597.

Goal 3: Improving workforce quality

Increase associate degrees/some college and technical certificates among 18–24 year old age bracket by 2018.

Goal 4: Raising household income relative to surrounding areas

- \$174M in new wages and \$470M in new GDP.
- Reach regional GDP of \$3.07B.
- Improve the ratio of net earned income total income from .566 to .65.

Objective I: Act regionally.

Strategy I.1 Implement a regional, asset-based S.M.A.R.T CEDS and ecosystem, which expands public, private and non-profit collaboration with a common strategic vision that is annually updated.

Action Plan 1.1.A Expand representation and engagement of private sector in the SeVEDS initiatives and board.

Action Plan 1.1.B Institutionalize a culture of collaboration across boundaries by formalizing a Technical Working Group (TWG) as a regional Subject Matter Expert (SME) of economic and workforce development professionals and educators drawn from across the region in collaboration with BDCC and Windham Regional Planning Commission (WRC) staff. The TWG will bring together community, workforce development and planning practitioners in the region to share knowledge and opportunities to advance the pace of regional and local economic development.

Action Plan 1.1C The Southeastern Vermont region will achieve a good to excellent rating for best practices in regional CEDS and collaboration by end of 2018.

Strategy 1.2 Maintain a regional economic development planning organization, including funding, to update and guide implementation of the CEDS.

Action Plan 1.2.A Prepare and maintain 3-year budgets for operations and initiatives.

Action Plan 1.2.B Develop and implement a private fundraising campaign with a goal of raising \$750,000 in 2015 from the private sector.

Action Plan 1.2.C Commit public sector partners to multi-year investment commitment.

Action Plan 1.2.D In conjunction with WRC and BDCC, support towns incorporating the CEDS strategies as appropriate in their economic development planning.

Strategy 1.3 Create redevelopment capacity in the Southeastern Vermont region.

Action Plan 1.3.A Research legal options for the creation of a SeVEDS redevelopment authority unrestricted by town or village boundaries.

Action Plan 1.3.B Conduct an inventory and assemble a database of distressed and/or vacant properties with redevelopment/re-use potential.

Action Plan 1.3.C Conduct a market possibilities assessment for commercial and industrial real estate.

Action Plan 1.3.D In 2015, set goals for number of properties to be redeveloped and capital investment attraction.

SMART Goals









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Please contact NADO Research Foundation Program Associate Sara James at sjames@nado.org with any questions.

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Organization	State	Website	Document	Section	(Type)	Landscape		Diversification
Northwest Alabama Council of Local Governments		www.nacolg.com		x	X (Tomados)		x	
South Alabama Regional	AL	www.sarpc.org		X (SWOT Analysis & Goal)	X (General, Storm-Related Impacts)			
	AL	www.warc.info	x		X (Tornados, Flooding, Oil Spill)	x	×	
Central Arkansas Planning & Development District Central Arizona	AR	www.capdd.org					x	x
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	FL	www.cfrpc.org				x		х
		www.sfrpc.com	х					х
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