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Photo Courtesy of Kimberly Bennett

Downtown

What Makes a Livable Community?

- Shops, civic buildings, entertainment, services located in central location
- Has a strong, diverse economic engine that can better weather changes
- Is attractive and supports healthy community
- Lasts through good times and challenging ones
- Evolves but keeps its character--provides place for change within context

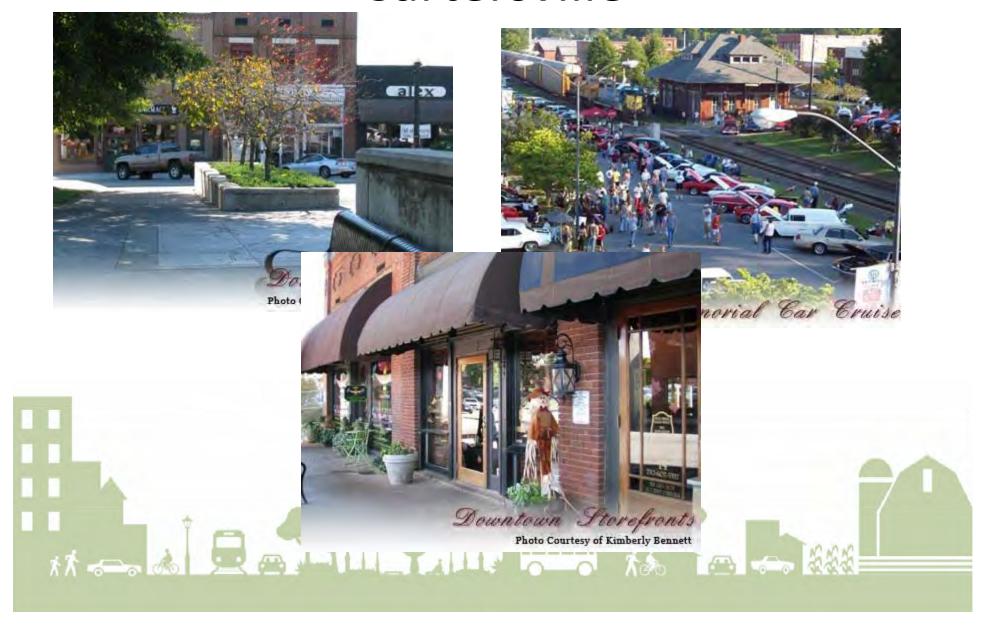
Dodge City, KS in 1874



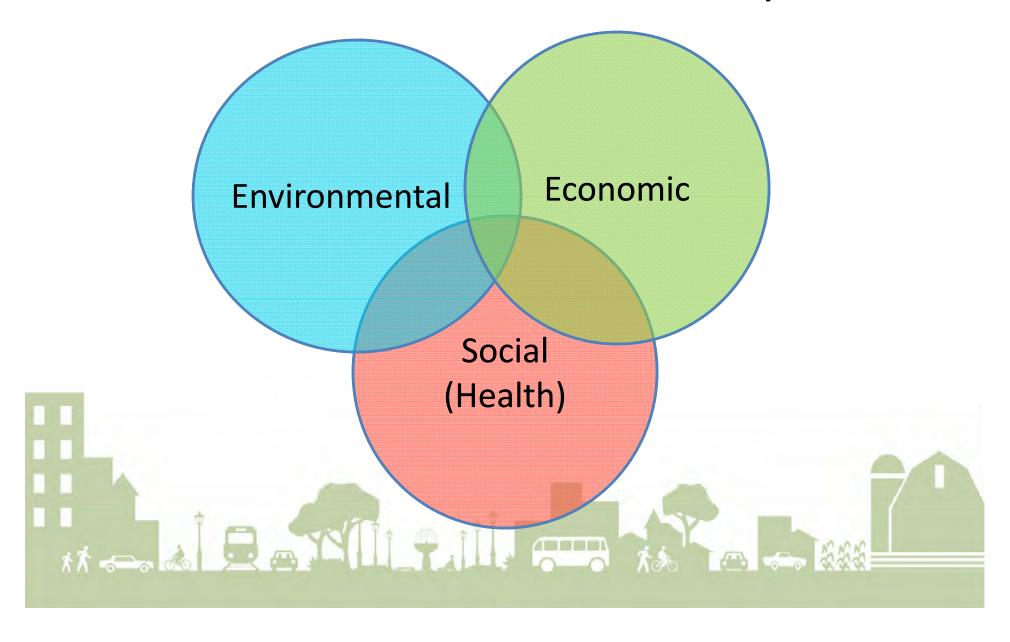
Asheville, NC



Cartersville



Elements of a Livable Community Plan



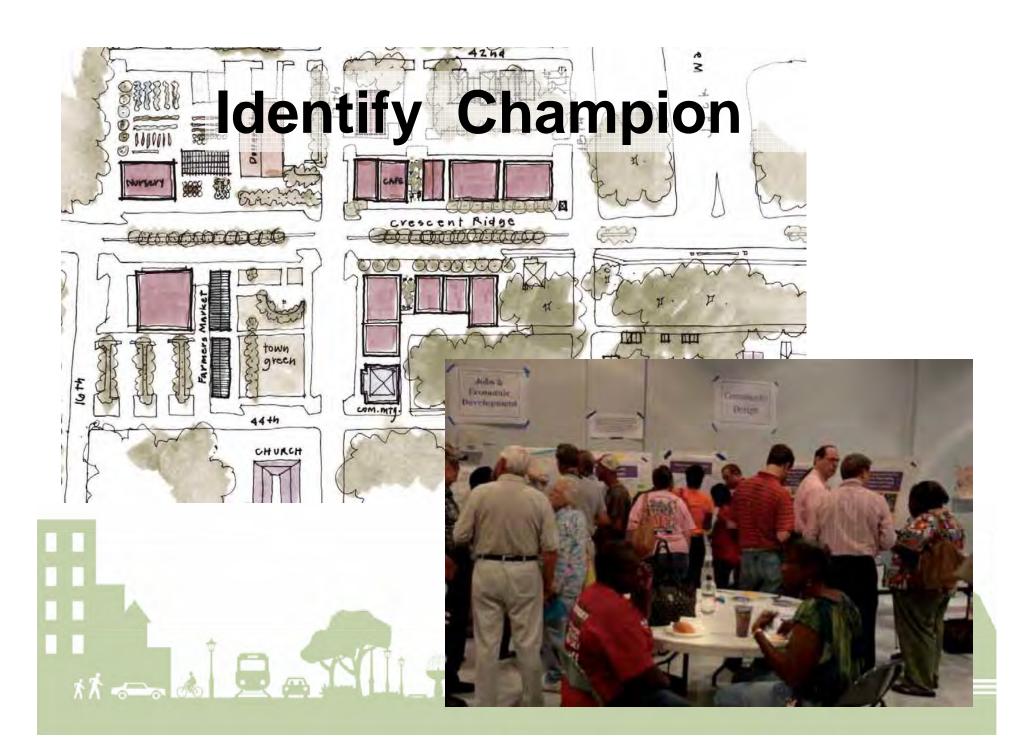
"Must Haves"...... How Do You Get There?

- Shared Vision—community has to agree
- Plan—develop with participation from everyone

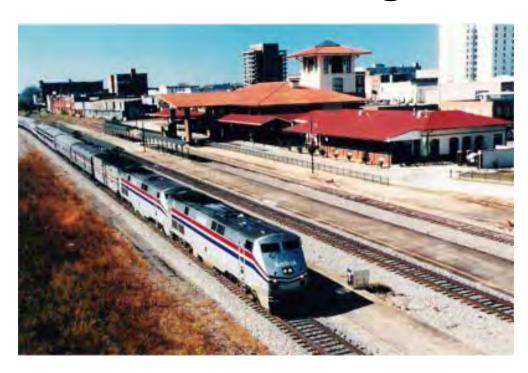
- Champion—long term commitment to lead, passion
- Patience and Collaboration—takes time,
 decades; can evolve; BALANCE of Many needs

Develop a Shared Vision





How Long Does it Take?



- Meridian, MS—Mayor John
 Robert Smith
 - 1990s—recognized need to revitalize; sought funding from
 - FRA; completed plan 1993

- 1997—Union Station, new multi-modal transit station; additional elements another 8-10 years
- Mayor was champion, storyteller extraordinaire, learned funding, networked

Environmental Considerations

- Protecting natural areas, green space, parks
- Increasing energy efficiency in homes and businesses
- Providing more access to outdoor activities trails, fishing, birding
- Neighborhoods that encourage "community" feel and health
- Recycling centers
- Sewer system

Environmental Priorities in Rural Communities

Rain gardens

 Green infrastructure stormwater improvements

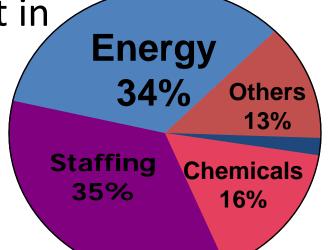
- Greenways and trails
- **Parks**
- WWTP—energy efficient facilities and management

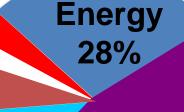


Energy Management at Water and Wastewater Utilities

 Focus on energy management in WWTP and DWP

- Phased approach
 - Visit the site and evaluate potential ways to save energy
 - Provide training and develop plans 4%
 - Implement plan and monitor results
 - Report to officials and community





Maint 3%

Other 7%



Social Considerations



Places that support the needs of a variety of people

Homes and services for older generation

Activities that attract young people

Community services and security that draws young families

Home types that fit many needs
Activities that create sense of

community

Economic

- Build in many dimensions, use local/regional assets
- Low impact to infrastructure
- Attract non-profits, artists or small businesses
- Establish community-run businesses that invest in local priorities
- Energy efficient civic buildings, clustering

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Provide opportunity to make a decent living



Phil Campbell and Holt

Phil Campbell

- Land use/zoning
- Jobs
- Return of food store
- Sewer system
- Memorial park
- Pocket parks and playgrounds
- New gateway to community
- Walking and bike trails
- Youth recreation center
- Community health service
- Farmers market/co-op
- Economic revitalization plan

- Outdoor track/basketball
- School technology
- Small business cooperative

<u>Holt</u>

- Housing market analysis
- Capacity building for housing and human services
- Community redesign
- Creative center to foster entrepreneurs
- Industrial park

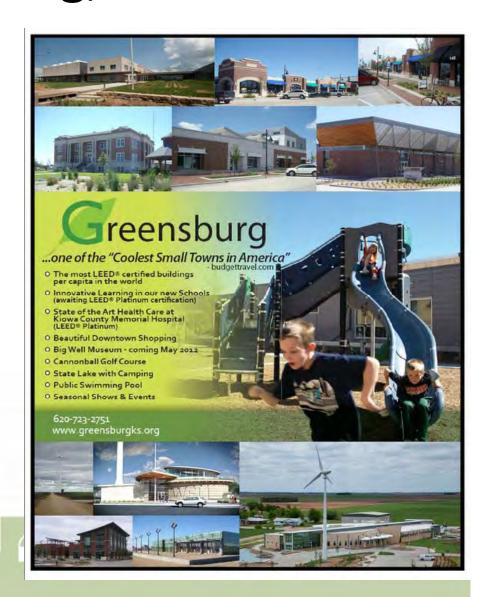
Hackleburg

- Establish Hackleburg CDC
- Economic and housing market analysis—status and needs
- Main street corridor study
- Sewer
- History center
- Downtown park, Farmer's Market, Amphitheater
- Rails to trails, multi-use regional trail
- Housing resource center

Greensburg, KS

- New industry—wind turbines
- Trademark for area
- Green buildings—energy efficient and LEED certified
- Tourism—green solution
 is drawing visitors from
 around the world

** - A BAYY

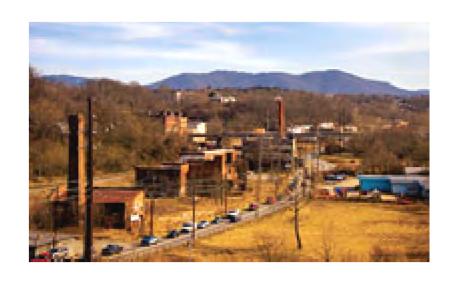


Miner County, SD

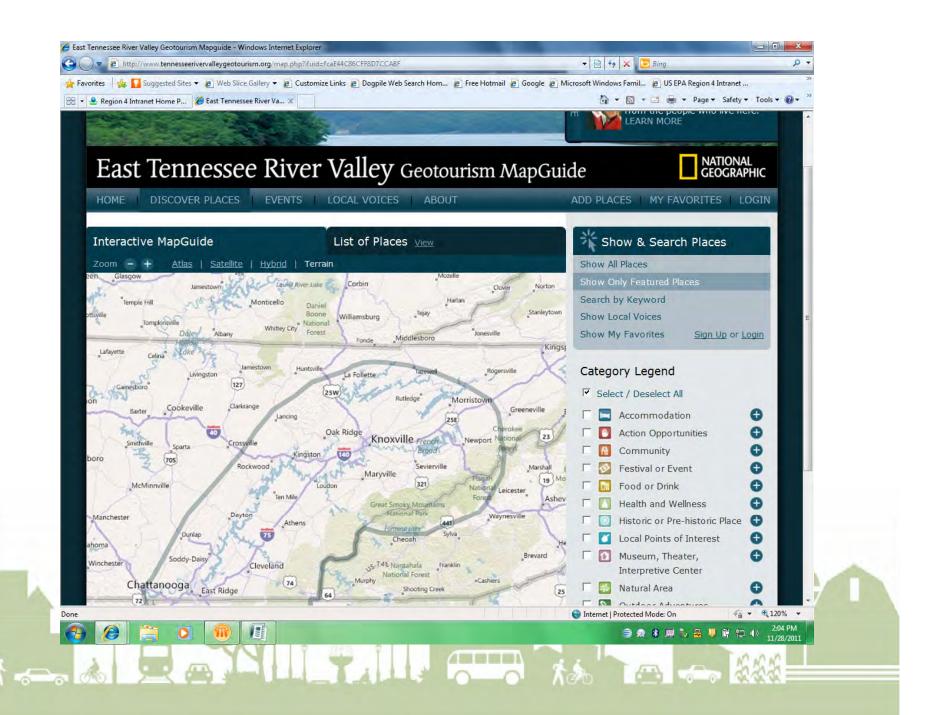


Asheville, NC

- Five counties, planning organization
- Several priorities:
 - Maintain character of the area
 - Enhance green manufacturing/business
 - Improve locally produced energy, better access
 - Protect natural resources
 that draw tourists, provide
 jobs, enhance quality of life

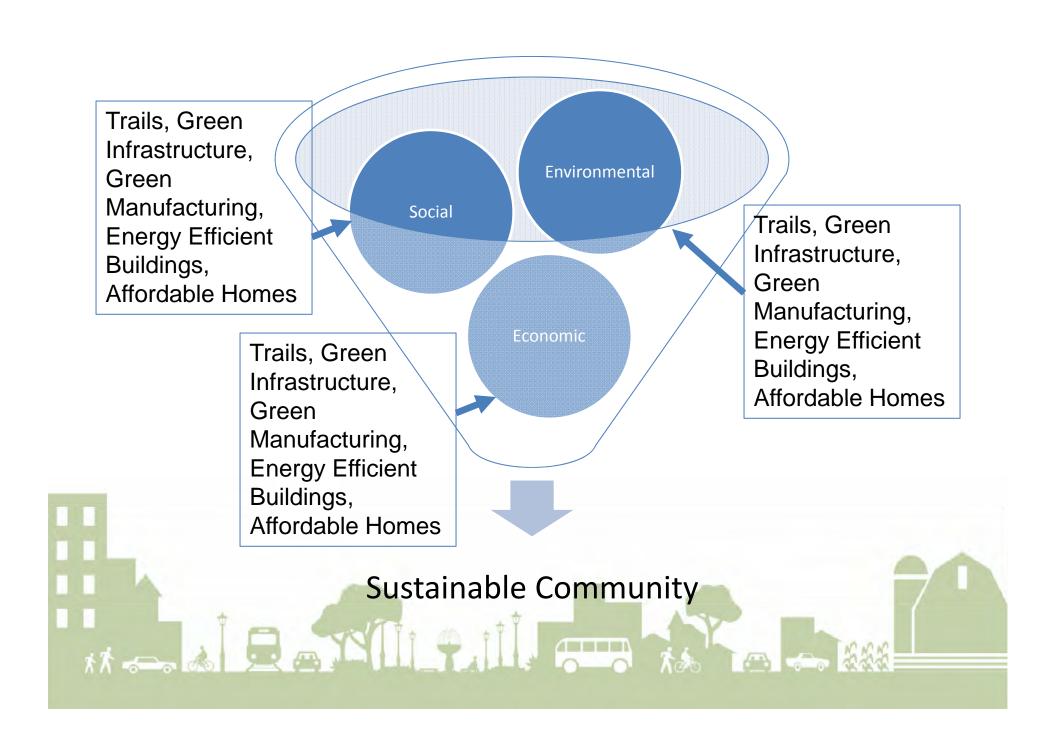


- -- Provide more options for housing and transportation
- -- Protect agricultural lands



How Can Rural and Small Towns Build Economic Sustainability?

- Farming—vegetables, cattle, dairy, nuts, fruit
- Value-added products
- Green/light industry
- Tourism
- Warehousing
- Phone banks



One Last Thought

Change is the price for rural survival.

